PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 15. PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 27, 1816. Vol. 31

I OFFER myself as a Candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the ensuing General Election, and solicit the patronage of the Electors of Allegheny County.

L. STEWART.

Pittsburgh, August 8, 1816.

To the Independent Electors of
ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

I OFFER myself a Candidate for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing Election. Those who think proper to give me their support may be assured of my best endeavours to execute the duties of the Office.

JOSEPH DAVIS

Pittsburgh, 12th August, 1816.

Grand National Lottery.

SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.
10,000 Dollars,

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME.

1	Prize	of	$35,000	is $35,000
1	do.		25,000	25,000
1	do.		10,000	10,000
1	do.		5,000	5,000
1	do.		2,000	2,000
4	do.		1,000	4,000
50	do.		600	30,000
50	do.		100	5,000
100	do.		50	5,000
208	do.		25	5,200
1000	do.		15	15,000
9800	do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th 19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance o drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, BY

Dennis S. Scully,

IN MARKET STREET, AN INVOICE OF

Seasonable Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

CALICOES, Dimities,
Ginghams, Jaconet Muslins,
Cambrick Muslins, Flag Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Cloths, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

London Particular Madeira Wine,
Ditto do. Teneriffe do. } warranted genuine.
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
Ditto Old Jamaica Spirits,
A few barrels Java Coffee,
Lump and Loaf Sugar,
Copperas, Indigo, Logwood, &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage, for Cash, or approved notes at 60 or 90 days.

Pittsburgh, 20th August, 1816. 2awtf

Valuable Property
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers For Sale, that valuable property, where he now lives, being situate between Brighton Furnace and Dr. Adams' Mill, on the great road to Mercer, Youngstown and Lake Erie, and on the bank of the river Big Beaver, which is navigable for crafts of all descriptions, as far up as Warren, Ohio. On the premises, there is erected an excellent frame dwelling house and kitchen, with a cellar underneath.—The stand is suitable for either a wholesale or retail store. A large stone distillery 40 by 50 feet, advantageously situated, well calculated for distilling both winter and summer, having a plentiful supply of good spring water, and is now in complete operation by steam, good stabling, and an excellent spring of water. The terms of sale will be made low for cash or approved paper, by applying to JOHN R. SHANNON, Esq. of Beaver, or to the subscriber on the premises.

CHRISTIAN IMPSON.

August 17, 1816.

Pittsburgh, 9th Sept. 1816.

Take Notice.

WHEREAS my wife Elizabeth Becker has given me just cause for a separation, therefore, this is to forwarn all persons from trading with her or harbouring her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting from this date.

JOSEPH BECKER.

A NEW, ELEGANT AND CORRECT

Map of the United States,

By SAMUEL LEWIS.

Published by *Emmor Kimber*, Philadelphia.

Price 20 Dollars.

THE Citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed, that a sample of the above superb Map may be seen at Mr. Kerr's Kentucky and Onio Hotel, where the Agent for selling them puts up, and will remain a short time. September 24, 1816.

Turnpike Notice.

At a meeting of the President and Managers of the Chambersburgh and Bedford Turnpike Road Company, on the 5th day of September, 1816, it was *inter alia*.

RESOLVED, That the Stockholders of said Company, be required to pay to Dr. John Anderson, Treasurer thereof, at the borough of Bedford, or to Edward Crawford, Esq. at the borough of Chambersburgh, or to Mr. George W. Darrah, at the borough of M Connellstown, the sum of twenty-five dollars on each of their respective shares in the stock of the said Company, on or before Monday the 28th day of October next, inclusive of all monies heretofore paid by any stockholder, on any former call of the Board: And that every delinquent stockholder, shall, in addition to the above instalment, pay at the rate of five per centum per month, for every delay of such payment, agreeably to the provisions of the 7th section of the act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed the 24th day of February A. D. 1816, and of the supplement thereto: And further that this resolution be published according to law.

J. HOLLIDAY, *President.*

Attest—*J. M. Russell*, Sec'y.

COLUMBIAN

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO.

INFORM the publick that their establishmen is in complete operation, on an extensive scale and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;
AN
AIR FOUNDERY;
AN
ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;
A
BRASS FOUNDERY;
A
PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES
for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;
AND A
Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills Fuller's and Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

Steubenville Cloth.

THE subscribers have received, and offer for Sale,

Six pieces of Cloth,

MANUFACTURED at Steubenville; well worth the particular attention of the public.

ON HAND,

A well chosen assortment of

Dry Goods and Hardware,

Which they are disposed to sell on the most liberal terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ & Co.

In Wood, between First and Second Streets.

Pittsburgh, August 31.—3mq

Turnpike Notice.

THE President and Managers of the Stoy'stown and Greensburgh Turnpike Company, have ordered that the Stockholders pay to the Treasurer the fifth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on next; the first of June the sixth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of July next; the seventh instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of August next; the eighth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of September next; the ninth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of October next, and the tenth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of November next.

Capt. JOHN PENTLAND, of Pittsburgh, is authorised to receive payments for the Treasurer.

THOMAS POLLOCK, Treasurer.

April 1, 1816.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse.

AVERY & STEVENSON,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS,* and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh*, an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.

WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Stevenson's White Lead,

Warranted equal to any in the United States.

AUGUST, 9, 1816.

REMOVAL.

Bradley & Butler,

TAYLORS.

THANKFUL for past favors, inform their Friends, Customers and the Public in general, that they have removed from their old stand to the east side of Market Street, between First and Second Streets, next door to D. S. Scully's Auction Store, where they carry on business as usual, and will be able to execute orders in their line with neatness and dispatch.

They have on hand *SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, STOCKINET, and VESTING*, which they will sell at a small advance.

Wanted, Four or Five Journeymen, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1816. tf

Valuable Improved Lands
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land*, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 250 acres, on which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

The Stills, with all the implements for distillation, will be sold with the premises.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 6, 1816.

S. & J. Thompson,
MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,
Have just received a large supply of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

To the Public.

GEORGE EVANS has taken into partnership BENJAMIN E. FOOTE, in a Commercial Establishment, next door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, where business will be conducted by B. E. Foote, under the stile of

Evans & Foote,

Who have on hand a general assortment of
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE, and
GROCERIES.

They have also just received,
20 Kegs of BUTTER,
109 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
A quantity of BACON, and
WHISKEY,

Which will be sold wholesale or retail.

N. B. Goods will be received for Sale on the usual commission.

GEORGE EVANS,
BENJAMIN E. FOOTE.

Pittsburgh, 17th July, 1815. 3m

FRESH GOODS
ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh August 7, 1815.

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail Store,

Market, between 3d & 4th streets.

SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth	Extra and common calicoes
Fine and coarse do.	Do. furniture do.
Coatings & casinetts	Furniture dimity
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted	Cambrick do.
Coarse stockinetts	Gingham
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet casimeres, &c.	Fancy muslins
Pelisse cloths & flannel	Cambrick do.
Leventine silks	4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 do. per, &c. &c. &c.
Florences	Italian & Canton crapes
Shenshaws	Large assortment silk shawls and hand'kfs.
Mantuas	Long and short silk gloves
Florentines	Silk hose
Chinnells	Laces, &c. &c.
Sasenells	

GROCERIES.

Coffee	Rice
Teas	Allspice
Copperas	Pepper
Allum	Cinnamon
Madder	Cloves
Indigo	Nutmegs
Segars	Tobacco.
Chocolate	

Assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1816.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
By JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 18.

Latest from Naples.—Captain Smith, of the ship *William and Henry*, in 31 days from Naples, informs that the United States ships *Washington*, *Erie*, and *Java* arrived at that port about the middle of July, and were released from quarantine on the 25th. The remainder of the squadron was daily expected. The Washington 74 reached Naples in 9 days from Gibraltar. It was the prevailing opinion at Naples, that our Minister, Mr. Pinckney, would eventually succeed in the object of his mission, so far at least, as to obtain a promise of remuneration for the American property sequestered by MURAT. Two of the vessels sequestered by his government are now in the service of the present government.

Capt. Smith also states that Mr. GIBBS, the American consul at Palermo, in consequence of embarrassed circumstances, committed the attrocious and awful crime of suicide on the 17th. of July. It was reported that he had failed for half a million sterling.

Latest from Gibraltar.—Yesteday arrived at this port the brig *Boxer*, Capt. Mix, in the remarkably short passage of 26 days from Gibraltar. The British squadron under Lord Exmouth, arrived at Gibraltar on the 9th August; and on the 14th sailed for Algiers. This expedition consists of two three deckers, three 74's a number of frigates, bomb-vessels, gunboats, &c. amounting in all to 18 sail. They were immediately followed by the Dutch squadron which had been some time at Gibraltar. Information had been received from Algiers, that the Dey had admitted a number of French Engineers into his service; that he had repaired and strengthened his fortifications, and determined on a vigorous and obstinate defence.

"The British frigate with the Algerine Ambassador to the Sublime Porte, remained at the Isle of Tenedos, the Grand Seignior refusing to allow her to pass the Dardanelles. The ambassador wished to be landed on the Island, but the commander of the frigate declared he would carry him back to Algiers, unless he was allowed to land him at Constantinople.

"Messrs. Savary and Lallemand had been some time at Smyrna; the former still remained there, and was preparing a *Narrative* of the late events. He states, that Napoleon was received by Capt. Maitland on condition that he should remain in England. Gen. Lallemand had left Smyrna, it was supposed for England.

No failure has given a greater shock to the mercantile world in Europe than that of Gordon, Murphy, O'Farrel & Co. of London and Madrid.

They were brokers to the Spaish government for all the agency with South America, &c. had a monopoly of wool, and were contractors for supplying the Spanish army. Their profits in 1811, were £237,000 and their returns 7 millions.

Mess. Murphy, Gordon & Co. employed upwards of 60 clerks in their London house, and upwards of 300 in their different estalishments.

The bankruptcy of other houses obliged them to stop.

The house of Orielly, Younge & Co. which has also failed. was always considered as an accommodation house for Messrs. Gordon, Murphy & Co. This failure is the greatest shock that Manchester, Glasgow, and Yorksbire, ever experienced, the two aforesaid houses exported more manufactured goods than any six; their account current with one house in Leeds generally exceeded £70,000.

The disputes between general Maitland, governor of the Ionian isles, &c. and some of the functionaries of that quondom republic, had come to a crisis, and gov. M. deposed four or five senators of Corfu, &c to make the matter short.

It is said that the number of Russian troops in France is 62,000; that they had been reinforced by cavalry from time to time; and that they have not been under Wellington's command since May last.

Superstiton.

An affair that happened on the 11th of July at Ghent, appears the most ludicrous:—The trumpets of a regiment of cavalry there having sounded according to custom, about nine in the evening, and there happened to be a thunder storm at the time, three-fourths of the inhabitants precipitately quitted their houses, and were found on their knees in the streets and public places, imagining they had heard the seventh trumpet spoken of in the Revelations, announcing the day of judgment, and some time elapsed before they could be tranquilized. At Liege also, on the same day, the people were terribly frightened in consequence of an enormous mass of clouds appearing, or supposed to appear, in the shape of a huge mountain over the city.

In the court of common pleas in London, Charles Perkins Wyat, esq. late surveyor-general in Upper Canada, obtained a verdict of 300 pounds damages against Lt. Gen. Gore. for suspending him from his office, and publishing a pamphlet insinuating that the plaintiff was a person of improper character to hold such a situation.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.

From our London papers we have copied the following articles.

We understand the Transport Board have not succeeded in obtaining ships, which they deem sea-worthy, for the transport of ordnance stores to Canada. Those tendered have been, in most instances, rejected as unfit for the service, and even the freight demanded for them was double what excellent ships could have been procured for a month ago.

At a late hour last night a Dutch mail arrived. By accounts from Lisle, inserted in the Brussels papers, it appears that the French are very active in increasing their army. Officers of all ranks who served under Bonaparte, but not marked as decided enemies of the Bourbons, are admitted into actual service, and in this way an increase of 100,000 men is expected to be effected in two months. The Russian officers in France are assiduous in cultivating a good understanding with the people, and are getting into favour: on the other hand, it is insinuated that sinister means are employed to circulate sentiment unfavorable to the English.

A letter, of which the following is an extract, was yesterday received from Madrid; we are afraid that no doubt can be entertained as to the truth of its statement:—

"*Madrid, July* 22, 1816.—I have just heard that the King's Messenger, Mr. Lisle, who has been here about five weeks, was assassinated yesterday in the Retiro; you may depend upon the fact: he was buried this evening in the garden of the Recoletas; for, to the shame of our government, there is no burial-place for Protestants. I have just seen an Englishman who has been at his funeral—half past ten o'clock p. m.

QUEBEC, Sept. 7.

SOME ACCOUNT OF THE PONDONDES,

A tribe of white Men, or Indians, living between the rivers St. Peter and Missouri.

In a conversation with an Indian trader, of considerable knowledge and acute observation. I received the following account of a tribe of Indians, hitherto not taken notice of by any historian. It has appeared to me sufficiently intersting to be more generally known, particularly as the relater is a man of undoubted veracity, who has seen and traded with the people described.

The *Pondondes* are of short stature, fair complexion, and short curled hair, a light brown colour. They live in excavations made in the sides of the banks of rivers and lakes, from a dread of their enemies, the *Sioux* and *Chippeways*. They dress altogether in blue, use no paint, and wear no ornaments of any kind.—Their spatterdashes, or *leggins*, as they are usually termed, are sewed up at the side, after the manner of our *pantaloons*, and not like those of other Indians, who show the hems on the outside. Their language is a peculiar one, resembling the Scotch more than any other, in *sound*, though there is no resemblance in the words. The *Sioux* call them *bastard white men*; but my informant does not hesitate to say that this is not their true character. He has seen about four hundred of them on a hunting party; but is unabled to tell of what number their nation consists. They pluck their beard like other Indians, and do uot appear to be of a more religious turn. They are not warriors. They neither frolic, sing or dance, as the the other Indians do, but are a reserved, sober people.

This trader was not able to aacertain the exact place of their residence; but he thinks it is between three and four hundred miles below toe *Mondall* towns. He met with them on the great *prairies*, lying between the river St. Peter and the Missouri; he left the former river at the Cut Banks, on the head waters, and struck the Missouri at a right angle. In the neighborhood are many extensive fortifications.

The French call them *Pawnees*, (slaves;) but this ought not to be considered their proper name, as it is applied to all prisoners or captives. The *Sioux* and themselves agree in calling their name *Pondondes*, the signification of which word I have not been able to learn.

The river St. Peter is called by the *Sioux*, *Waterbanminishote*—the river with troubled waters.

PARIS, July 15.

A young Greek, 18 years of age suffered death at Constantinople the 1st inst in a heroick manner. He had embraced Mahometanism, but soon repented and returned under the care of the Greek Church. He was carried to the Porte, and charged before the Grand Vizier as guilty of apostacy. Upon his answering that he was born and would die a Christain, he was sent to the Judge to be instructed anew in the Mahometan religion; not only did he refuse, but had even the hardihood to endeavour to persuade the Judge to become a Christian. He was beheaded.

Short Chapters of Hints and Advisements on the subject of Hard Times.

BY ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

CHAPTER III.

The How and the Why.

HOW come we by these hard times, by this extreme dearth of money, by this sore and general embarrassment of debt? How comes it that farmers and mechanics, as well as the mercantile class, instead of having each a little money on hand, are deeply in debt, and know not how to pay? Assuredly, it cometh not from *above*. Our country has not been desolated by earthquakes or inundations, nor has the earth failed to yield her increase. For a considerable number of years we had been constantly blest, in our ordinary measure, with rain from heaven, and fruitful seasons; and for a considerable number of years wealth seemed to flow in upon us in a threefold greater abudance than ever was witnessed before. How then does it happen that we are now so lean and meagre? That, instead of being out of debt and in a thriving way, we cant pay what we owe? That, instead of having each a little store of cash in his locker, we are plagued with the duns and haunted with the bailiffs?

I'll tell you, good folks, how it happens. Hark! and be not offended: hear the truth, and quarrel neither with it, nor with him that tells it. Now the plain truth is, ye have gone out of the way, and sadly too.

Within the period of twenty years how changed are Farmers and Mechanics, and the People generally—how changed in customs and habits, in their apparel, in the furniture of their houses, in the provisions of their tables, and in their whole appearance at home and abraod! The simple frugality of former times is seen only here and there, and is seen only to be laughed at. Hence the present straits; hence the distressing want of money and means; hence the general outcry, "*The creditor is come!*"

Con. Cor.

A new Administration Mode of encouraging Manufactures.

We understand, and from authority that leaves us no room to doubt the fact, that the commissioner of the public buildings at Washington, has ordered forty thousand dollars, at least of the people's money (exclusive of freight commissions, &c.) to be shipped to foreign countries for the purchase of copper and glass, for the President's House, the Capitol, &c. Copper is made in any quantity and size in the city of Baltimore. and glass, superior to any other quality, is made in the city of Washington. Yet, in the face of these facts, the commissioner of the public buildings has ordered the abovementioned sum to be sent to a foreign country to obtain that which can be had at his own door. The commissioner has stated, that he will not suffer *the public to be imposed on by home manufacturers.* Undoubtedly, our administration are the friends of our own manufactures. Yes—yes—yes—they have said so themselves.

Fed Repub.

BLUE LAWS.

From the Newburyport Herald.

Much has been said within a few years of the *blue laws* of Connecticut; and pains have been taken to ransack the archives of that state, and to publish extracts from laws that were in force when they were first organized, but is is apparent that in many instances they took the laws of Massachusetts for a model, which were equally rigid, unjust, trifling aud absurd. I have made a few extracts from the code of laws established by this state, to which, I have added some instances, of their judicial proceedings in certain cases. B.

Law 1st—PRIDE in wearing long hair, like women's hair; others wearing borders of hair, and cutting and curling and immodest laying out of hair; grand jurors to present and the court to punish by fine or correction.

Law 2d—Excess in apparel, strange new fashions, naked breasts and arms, and pinioned superfluous ribbons on hair, &c. the court to punish at discretion.

Law 3d—Profaneness in persons turning their backs upon public worship before the blessing is pronounced; the select men are to appoint officers to shut the meeting house doors or take any other measures to attain the end.

Law 4th—A loose and sinful custom of riding from town to town, men and women together, under pretence of going to lecture, tending to debauchery and unchastity, all single persons being offenders to be bound to their good behaviour with sureties, or suffer imprisonment.

Law 5th—Tobacco takers and common swearers, the constable to present to the next magistrate to be punished at discretion.

Law 6th—For drunkenness, the offender to pay ten shillings, excessive drinking three and four pence, tipling about half an hour a crown.

Judgements of court as they stand recorded for the following crimes.

1st. Josias Plaistowe for stealing four baskets of corn, to return eight baskets, to be fined five pounds and hereafter to be called Josias, and not Mr. as he used to be.

2d. Captain Stone for abusing Mr. Ludlow, by calling him justass, is fined an hundred pounds and prohibited coming within the patent.

3d. Sergeant Perkins ordered to carry forty turfs to the fort for being drunk.

4th. Edward Palmer, for his extortion in taking two pounds thirteen and four pence for the wood work of the stocks, is fined five pounds, and ordered to set in the stocks one hour.

5th. Thomas Petit, for suspicion of slander, idleness and stubbornness, is censured to be severely whipt, and to be kept in hold.

6th, Catherine, the wife of Richard Cornish, was found suspicious of inconstancy and seriously admonished to take heed.

7th, John Wedgewood, for being in company of drunkards, to set in the stocks.

AN ORDINANCE,

Fixing the salaries and compensation of certain officers of the city.

SECTION I.

******* Seal.* ******* BE *it ordained and enacted by the Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That there shall be allowed, to the officers hereinafter mentioned, the following annual compensations, to be paid quarterly, by orders to be drawn by the mayor on the treasurer of the city, viz:—

To the Mayor, as a compensation for the additional duties which now are or hereafter may be required of him, *The sum of three hundred dollars.*

To the Recorder, *Eight hundred dollars.*

To the Treasurer, *Two hundred and fifty dollars.*

To the clerks of the Select and Common Councils, each *One hundred dollars.*

To the clerk of the Market, *One hundred and fifty dollars.*

And to each of the Street commissioners the sum of *one dollar and fifty cents*, per day, when actually engaged in that duty, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of such street commissioner, before the mayor.

Section II. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the present clerks of the select and common councils, be paid, each, the sum of one hundred dollars for extra services this year, and that the mayor be authorised and directed to draw his warrants on the city treasurer, in favor of the said clerks, for the said sums of one hundred dollars each, for the said extra services, immediately after the passing of this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a Law, in Council, the 21st day of September, A. D. 1816.

WILLIAM WILKINS,
President Common Council.

Attest.—S. ENGLES, *Clerk Common council.*

JAMES ROSS,
President Select Council.

Attest.—JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk Select Council.*

A SUPPLEMENT

To an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance for the suppression of nuisances and the introduction of wholesome regulations in the city.

SECTION I.

******* Seal.* ******* BE *it ordained and enacted by the Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That merchants, shopkeepers, mechanicks and others in the city aforesaid, may be, and hereby are permitted to hang and place on the front of their shops or houses and on benches, any goods, wares and merchandize, for shew or inspection, provided the same does not extend more than fifteen inches upon the pavements from the front walls of of such shops or houses, any ordinance to the contrary heretofore passed notwithstanding.

Section II. *Be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That a fine of two dollars be imposed on any person who shall be convicted of leaving his, or her front cellar door open after dark in the said city.

Ordained and enacted into a Law, in Council, the 21st day of September, A. D. 1816.

WILLIAM WILKINS,
President Common Council.

Attest—S. ENGLES, *Clerk Common Council.*

JAMES ROSS,
President Select Council.

Attest—JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk Select Council.*

AN ORDINANCE,

Describing the duties and compensation of the regulators of lots and streets, and the measurers of boards and scantling.

SECTION I.

Seal. BE *it ordained and enacted by the Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That it shall be the duty of the regulators of lots and streets of the said city, when requested, to regulate, adjust and mark the boundaries on streets, squares and alleys, and the other boundaries and lines of any piece, lot or lots of ground, in the said city, and also, if requested, to shew the height of the curb-stone opposite the same; for which service they shall be entitled to have and receive, for each lot, the sum of three dollars, to be paid by the person or persons requesting the said regulation. It shall also be their duty, when required by the street commissioners, or other proper officer or authority, to regulate, mark and survey, with respect to width, boundaries, lines, ascents and descents of any or all of the squares, streets and alleys of the said city, ascertaining and marking the highest part of each, from which the water ought to run: these surveys and regulations not to be made partially, or in a temporary manner, or with a view only to present improvements, but they shall be permanent, and with a view to future improvements. They shall also regulate, and mark and shew the depth which any square, street or alley shall be dug down or raised for the purpose of being paved. They shall also, when required by the street commissioners or other proper authority, regulate, mark out and survey any common sewer or water course which may be ordained or ordered to be made by the proper authority. They shall have and fix proper and plain marks, which can at all times be referred to, shewing and marking their work, surveys and regulations aforesaid. They shall keep an official book, well bound, of strong large paper, in which they shall plainly and distinctly enter and record, with proper references to marks and drafts, all their surveys and regulations, the quantity of descent, expressed in inches to the hundred feet, in all the principal streets, squares and alleys aforesaid, from one marked corner, or other mark, to another, as also from the highest points in each street, when not a corner, to the next marked corners between which it stands, with their distances from said points respectively. They shall, in like manner, insert and note the depth and quantity of descent as aforesaid, of such common-sewers as shall be found necessary, with such explanatory notes and observations relating to the whole, as they may judge useful. This book shall be procured by the Mayor, at the expense of the city, and shall be, together with all books and papers relating to the aforesaid subjects in the hands of the present or late regulators, deposited with, and carefully kept by, such regulator of the city as shall reside nearest to the court house, and shall, at all times, be free and open to the inspection of all persons. *Provided always,* that no survey or regulation shall be made as aforesaid, without previous notice being given by the regulators to the owners, or agents resident in the city, of lots bounded by any square, street or alley, so intended to be surveyed or regulated; and that no record be made of such survey or regulation, until the same shall have been submitted to and approved of by the Select and Common Councils.

Section II. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That each of the said regulators shall receive for his services at the rate of three dollars per day, while he is actually employed in the duties herein before described, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of such regulator before the Mayor.

Section III. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any regulator aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties herein before described, or shall unfaithfully execute the same, he shall forfeit and pay for such offence, on conviction thereof, the sum of fifty dollars; and upon such conviction, his commission and appointment shall, forthwith, be void, and he shall be considered as removed from office, of which the Councils shall have notice from the Mayor, that they may proceed to fill the vacancy.

Section IV. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any person or persons shall alter, deface, remove or destroy any mark, post or pin, made or set up by the regulators aforesaid, or any of them, he, she or they so offending, shall forfeit and pay for each offence, the sum of ten dollars.

Section V. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the aforesaid regulators, together with their necessary assistants, may, at all reasonable hours, enter into or upon any lot or land within the said city, and survey and measure the same, in order to perform services and duties required of them by virtue of this ordinance.

Section VI. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That it shall be the duty, when reasonably required, of the measurers and inspectors of boards and scantling, to measure and inspect all boards and scantling bro't within the city for sale or barter, and to give a certificate of the same to the seller, who shall pay for the same as follows, to wit:—For any quantity not exceeding one thousand feet, twenty-five cents; for any quantity above one thousand, and not exceeding five thousand feet, eighteen and three-fourths cents per thousand; and for any quantity above five thousand feet, twelve and an half cents per thousand, and if any of the said measurers and inspectors shall neglect or refuse to perform the said duties, when reasonably required, he or they so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for each offence.

Section VII. *And be it further ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That no regulator, inspector or measurer of boards, shall have power to appoint a deputy, but in all cases shall perform their respective duties personally.

Ordained and enacted, into a Law, in Council, the 14th day of September, A. D 1816.

WILLIAM WILKINS,
President Common Council.

Attest.—S. ENGLES, *Clerk Common Council.*

JAMES ROSS,
President Select Council.

Attest.—JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk Select Council.*

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1816.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in this city, dated

DETROIT, Sept. 12.

"Lord Selkirk has taken Fort Williams and all the principal agents of the North West Company, and is sending the agents prisoners to Montreal. Lord Selkirk is at the head of the Hudson Bay Company, and has resorted to this measure on account of outrages committed on his agents by the principals of the North West Company. Selkirk, in short, has broken up the old company."

A letter from Michilimackinac, dated on the 7th inst. says, "A few days ago, a canoe with seven of the prisoners was upset by a squall near St. Mary's, and all on board drowned. Among the number was M'Kenzie, principal of the North West Company."

[We are at a loss to know where Fort Williams is situated, but believe it to be a company stockade for the reception of goods and furs near the outlet of lake Superior. The St. Mary's is the communication between Huron lake and Superior.

It is well known, that lord Selkirk by his agent had a number of small cannon cast in this place last spring, and transported by the way of Erie to Michilimackinac, that he had formed a company to go into the upper lakes in oppositon to the North West Company.]

COMMUNICATION.

The young men of the city, without respect to party, are requested to meet at the house of John R. Jones, opposite the Theatre, on Tuesday the 1st of October next, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of forming a respectable and independent ticket for the ensuing election.

September, 27.

Pittsburgh, September 23.

I perceived in the "Pittsburgh Gazette" of the date of the 20th of this month, a piece signed by a number of my fellow citizens of Mifflin township, recommending me among others, as a person to be supported at the next general election, for a *commissioner* of the county of Allegheney. At the same time that I thank my fellow citizens of Mifflin, for the honour intended to be conferred on me, I must decline being considered as a candidate for the office of commissioner at the approaching election.

WM. HAYS.

From the Virginia Patriot.

CALCULATIONS of various kinds have frequently been made relative to the national debt of G. Britain. Perhaps it would not be useless to make similar calculations relative to our own debt. The loss of revenue and commerce during 6 years of Mr. Madison's administration, and real injury to the country, by embargo, war, &c. though much higher, we will consider only one hundred million dollars, and the debt occasioned by the war another hundred million.

If the whole 200 millions were in one dollar notes they would cover about *one thousand five hundred square miles.*

If the whole were in dollars and placed in a line, they would extend about *three thousand* miles. If in cents, about 250 thousand: about ten times round the globe: they would about reach to the moon and once round it.

Paid in copper the debt could fill about *sixteen million* soldiers knapsacks, 40 pounds each. Four yards distant from each other they would reach once round the globe, and from here to Jerusalem in addition.

It would load about twenty six thousand carts, 500lbs. each in silver.

To count the cents, at the rate of one hundred per minute, a person counting twelve hours per day, would not need above *seven hundred and sixty-two years.*

Milton represents our first parent forseeing the evils of his introduction of sin, imagining his posterity exclaiming in their distresses; "for this we may thank Adam." Our posterity, at the approach of the tax-gatherer, will long exclaim.—"For this we may thank Madison."

Curst be the hand, whosoever be that hand,
That darts death's uneathed arrows, through the land;
Let men and angels curse it, and abhor,
That signs the bloody act for needless war.
Be that arm shrivelled to the shoulder's stump;
And live its owner's name in infamy's hoarse trump.

GLEANINGS.

The first attempt is now making (in Massachusetts) to navigate Steam-Boats upon the sea-coast.—A boat is nearly completed to run from Boston to Portland, in the District of Maine, a distance of about 40 leagues.

Notwithstanding the late inundation it was very healthy at New-Orleans the first of August.

Snow Storm.—On the 11th inst. snow was two or three inches deep at Springfield, Mass. and the Green Mountains in Vermont had been covered with snow for several days.

The mountains in Vermont were covered with Snow on the 12th of August and the atmosphere on the plains, unusually cold.

A great swindler has been apprehended in New-York—He has defrauded merchants in the southern states to the amount of 60,000 dolls. by means of forged letters from Gov. Tompkins and others—A Northern paper asks "Is it possible that any one would trust a man on the recommendation of Governor Tompkins?"

Huriot, the famous General of La Vendee, has been made Marshal of France.

The ruins of the ancient city of Villiga, now in the Duchy of Placentia, have lately been discovered.—Many curious specimens of Roman sculpture have already been dug out. This city was destroyed by an earthquake in the reign of Trajan.

It is said that a printer in Prussia has published the Lords Prayer in 500 different languages. Who can enumerate them?

By the last accounts from Cadiz Mr. Meade, the American Consul, was still in prison. Will our government suffer its citizens to be treated in this manner by such a debased and dastardly nation as Spain:

A female miser.—The Countess of Conyngham lately died in England, leaving a large fortune to her relations, who had always thought her very indigent. After her death, the sum of 150,000 guineas were found, secreted in different parts of her house in old stockings, shoes and leather bags.

In one year the London Fire Insurance Officers paid to the British Government upwards of a million and a half of duty.

An English traveller informs that there is at present in the plain of Cerea, in Greece, a monstrous serpent, which ravages the whole country.

Among the singular occurrences of the present day it is mentioned that the Emperor of Austria has fallen deeply in love with Madame Murat: This Lady has long been esteemed as extremely fascinating.

The inhabitants of Zurich, in Switzerland, have recently destroyed the Lightning Rods on many houses; on the account, as they have been taught by a weak pamphleteer, that the cold and wet weather is occasioned by their extracting too great a quantity of calorick from the air.

The pillory seems a favourite mode of punishment in the French code of jurisprudence. Hardly a week passes in Paris without an exhibition of this kind. Four females, none of whose ages exceeded 18, were pilloried at the Conciergerie.

Sandwich Islands.—The following is from a French paper:—A new commercial nation has arisen in the Sandwich Islands, the whole of which have become subject to the chief, possessed of great talents, speaking the English language, and conforming to English manners. He has taken into his service, a great number of English and American sailors, and and has procured from the latter, some vessels, on the model of which he is constructing others, and forming a marine. This prince carries on a lucrative commerce with China, which together with his commercial relations with the English and Americans, have procured to his country great wealth and abundance.

A letter from St. Thropes, (France) dated July 19 states, that the Algerines have burned the jujube trees behind their city; that they propose to fill up the cisterns; and in short, to leave nothing in their town should the English attack it. In the mean time the French flag continues to be respected by the African statets. In proof of this it may be mentioned, that a French galliot, the Clementine, lately chased by a corsair, and which was in consequence abandoned by the crew, was brought in here by the corsair, and given up to the mayor. Another French galliot was lately deserted by the crew off the African coast, and given up by the corsair to the French Consul at Biserte.

THE MAIL ROBBERS.

Thomas Williams (know here by the name of Noble) was tried last week, before the Circuit Court of the United States, at Chillicothe, on a charge of robbing the Mail, near Morristown in this county, last winter. He was convicted and sentenced to four years imprisonment. His partner, who had been confined in Chillicothe jail, after his removal from Somerset, in Pennsylvania, made his escape through the funnel of the chimney some months since.

A post rider of the name of Hunt, was also convicted of having robbed the Mail, and sentenced to pay a fine of 1840 dollars, and to suffer five years imprisonment.

Ohio Fed.

POETRY.

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ANSWER TO LORD BYRON'S
FARE THEE WELL.
By M. G.

Vain, and wild and changeful ever,
Canst thou hope to break the spell?
Anguish may my heart-strings sever,
Yet, forever fare thee well.

Silent, hopeless, inly mourning,
Undeceived I leave my home;
All thy bright delusions spurning,
Give me peace, at least, to roam.

Why with fictious love pursue me?
Now, thy sighs and prayers are vain:
Those who loved thee *once* and *knew* thee
Oft have wept thy power to *feign.*

Blame me not as unforgiving—
Freely once I pardon gave;
But forlorn remembrance, I ving,
Weeps o'er lost affections' grave.

Though so false, yet still, too clearly,
Thoughts of thee, and moments past,
Dreams, my youth has loved, how dear y!
Lingering radiance round me cast.

I have gazed in raptures wildly
On thy genius-flashing eye:
I have heard thy music mildly
Thrill as soft as lover's sigh.

I have seen the gloom of sadness
Darken o'er thy lofty brow:
I have shrunk, when passion's madness
Burst in dread revenges' vow.

Tho' so oft thy frowns alarmed me:
Tho' my heart was chilled by fear:
Tho' thy smile but seldom charmed me,
I believed thou held'st me dear.

Yes, thy faults, as lightning glancing
O'er the blue of Summer's sky,
Broke the calm of love entrancing,
Blighted peace when hopes were high.

Follies nature gave, I pardon'd—
Blame not then, if now I leave
A breast—by guilt and falsehood harden'd—
Pride which scorns to bend or grieve

Much too long I fondly doated,
Soothed thy sigh, thy smile return'd—
Much too long my love devoted
To the shrine that virtue spurn'd.

But my sad heart's pure effusions
For our child must sweetly thrill—
E'en for the sake of dear delusions
I love thee in thy image still

Fare thee well, wild, faithless rover,
Still beloved, though lost to me—
Thy chain is broke—the pang is over:
I leave thee as I found thee, free.

Federal Nomination.

CONGRESS.
HENRY BALDWIN.
ASSEMBLY.
WILLIAM WOODS,
JOHN SNODGRASS,
JAMES BRISON,
JOHN GILMORE, (*of Butler.*)
SHERIFF.
LAZARUS STEWART.
COMMISSIONER.
JOSEPH DAVIS.
AUDITOR.
JACOB NEGLEY.

CONVEYANCING.

FROM the encouragement I have received since I commenced Business in Pittsburgh, I have determined to devote my attention *exclusively* to the Business of Conveyancing.

Deeds, and every other species of Writing,

will be drawn *on the shortest notice,* and on reasonable terms, at my Office in the Diamond.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, 26th September, 1816.

N. B Business from the Country will always be *immediately* attended to.

Cut Tacks, Sprigs, Wood Screws.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received from the Manufactory in Massachusetts, an assortment of Superior CUT TACKS, SPRIGS and WOOD SCREWS, which they will sell by the Box or Thousand. *They have also,*
PEARL ASH, BUTTER, LOAF SUGAR; SOAP and DIPT CANDLES by the Box, and an excellent assortment of CASTINGS, JUNIATA BAR IRON, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, September 26, 1816.

A SUPPLY OF

Porter Bottles, Snuff Bottles, and Flasks,

Just Received, and for Sale, by
BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.
At their Glass Store in Wood Street, where they constantly have on hand a large assortment of *Plain, Engraved,* and *Cut FLINT GLASS.*

Also, *Writing Paper* and *Castings.*

Pittsburgh, September 24, 1816.

$1 25

FOR WHEAT,

WILL be given at the PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

September 10, 1816.

Public Vendue.

ON Monday the 7th of October next, will be sold at the seat of the late gen. JOHN WILKINS on Pine creek, the following articles, to wit:

Milch cows,
Working horses,
A number of hogs and geese,
One light waggon and harness,
A sett of black-smiths tools,
A pair of timber wheels,
Four wheel barrows,
Three ploughs,
Harrow teeth,
Log chains,
Saddles and saddlebags,
Sugar kettles,
Six scaps of bees,
One wind-mill,
One cutting box,
Axes, hoes and augers,
Handsaw and cross-cut saw,
Dung fork,
Crow-bars,
Stone-axe,
Picks,
Mattock,
Sledge,
Iron wedges,
Tenplate stove,
Meat stands and
Empty casks,
Half bushel,
A bureau and secretary,

Together with a variety of kitchen and household furniture, and also a quantity of oats, wheat, rye, and hay in the stack.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale, and if the weather (on Monday the 7th of October) should be wet, the sales will be postponed until the next fair day.

A handsome CARRIAGE with harness and a pair of neat BAY HORSES, will be sold at the Auction store in this city on Monday the 30th instant.

E. DENNY, *Adm'r.*

Pittsburgh, Sept. 19—2aw.

William Hill,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scarlet and flag Band. hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 *a* 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fanoy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, mull-mull, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and senshaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine,
Sherry, Teneriffe and Port wine,
French Brandy,
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel
Patent Shot
Salt by the barrell
Writing Paper by the ream,
Juniata Bar Iron by the Ton
Castings do.

W. H. Is at all times enabled to execute orders for country linen, flax and tow, thread in cuts, twilled bags, country half hose, butter in kegs.

Pittsburgh, Aug, 9, 1816. *tf*

FOR SALE OR RENT
On Perpetual Lease,

THE *TAVERN* and *FERRY* on Liberty Street in the City of Pittsburgh. On the premises is a large well finished two story brick House, and other convenient buildings; also, a landing on the opposite shore of the Monongahela. For terms and further particulars apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

The Estate of Gen. John Wilkins, deceased.

PERSONS having claims against this Estate, will please to render their accounts to the Subscriber—and those who may be indebted will make payment to him.

E. DENNY, *Administrator.*

Pittsburgh, August 20, 1816. 2aw1m.

Rosin Soap.

A quantity just received, and for Sale at reduced prices, by

Bosler & Co.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1816. 2awtf.

H. Bonnet & F. Rouaud,

HAVING contracted a Partnership, respectfully inform their respective customers in town and abroad, and the public, that their business will henceforth be carried on under the firm of

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Who have now for Sale in Diamond Alley, and daily receive a complete assortment of

SILK mantua, sattin,
Cotton & silk velvet,
Sarsenet, modes, and figured silk of any description for Milleners
Leather, kid, and silk gloves,
Sewing balls, thread and silk,
Canton senshaw, crapes, black,
Damask, levantine,
French crapes, shade,
Merino and silk cord
Madrass and any other kind of handkerchiefs
Callicoes, dimity
Brown holland,
English and India muslin of any kind
Bell, platted, shirt and silk buttons tapes, &c.
Webbing, tippets, upper side leather, white kid skins, &c.
Coffeee, tea, old 4th prf.
Cogniac brandy, Madeira wine
Marseilles and other vesting, coating
Baize, flannel,
Double florence, levantine,
Silk galloons & ribbons of all sort
Ladies and gentlemens' woosted, cotton and silk stockings
Gauze, cotton, silk and thread lace,
Plaid fringed shawls
Fancy cotton, silk plaid
Fancy white and black lace shawls
Linen cambric
Bombazetts, bombazene, ginghams
Domestic cotton
Irish linen shirting muslin, long-cloth
Black, blue, brown and pink cambric,
Hat covers, wires
Looking glasses, pins, needles, cotton cards
Mill and crossing saw
Tanner's oil
Super. and common cloths, cassimere
Berlin cord, stockinett
Mole skins, blankets,

And other articles which they will dispose of at the lowest terms by the piece or package only, (silk of any kind, superfine cloth, and thread lace excepted) which they will cut to accommodate every one who will favour them with their custom

September 6, 1816.

P. S. Also for Sale, a large quantity of Earthen Wares and Steel, which they will sell to Merchants as low as possible.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell the whole or any part of the following described Valuable Property, viz:—

A LOT OF GROUND, situated at the corner of Smithfield and Second Streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, containing 50 feet in front on Smithfield Street, and 66 and an half feet in depth. This Lot can be conveniently divided into two handsome building Lots of 25 feetfront each; and the scite of the Bridge over the Monongahela River being fixed at the mouth of Smithfield Street, renders them eligible stands for Mercantile, Manufacturing, or Mechanical business.

THREE LOTS OF GROUND in the City of Pittsburgh—one fronting on Second Street, opposite the New Market, fronting a square of 100 feet wide extending to Smithfield Street, containing 40 feet front on Second Street, and extending in depth towards Front Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large and commodious Warehouse, suitable for any person engaged in Commission business—and its vicinity to the river, renders it peculiarly advantageous to mercantile men. The other two Lots are situated on the north side of Front Street—one of them containing 40 feet front on Front Street, and extending in depth towards Second Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large two story Frame Dwelling House, recently occupied by Thomas Bracken—the other adjoining the above 20 feet in front on FrontStreet, and 65 feet deep; both eligible situations for business.

Also, *AN OUT LOT*, adjoining the City, containing about 16 acres, and adjoining property belonging to Doctor George Stevenson, and James R. Butler, bounded on the Monongahela river, and the public road leading to the Turnpike at Thompson's Lane. This Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, with a thriving young Orchard of the best grafted fruit, a Brick Spring House, over one of the finest springs in the Western Country, and a variety of other improvements. This Lot willbe Sold either in whole, or be divided into small Lots, to suit purchasers, a plan of which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The whole of the above described property, recently belonged to the late Thomas Bracken. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to purchasers. Any person wishing to view any part of he property, will apply to the subscriber, or those on the premises.

DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Store.

THE subscribers offer for sale, at the late stores of SUTTON & M'NICKLE, in Water street, a large and handsome assortment of DRY GOODS by the piece.

Cloths, cassimeres, coatings,
Plains, baise, flannels, Bedford cords,
Swandowns, toilonets, bombazetts,
Lambs wool and worsted hose,
Stockingnett, velvets and cords,
Worsted bindings,
Prints and plate calicoes,
Cambric muslins, black cambrics,
India muslins and checks,
Do. Black and colored silk handkerchiefs and sewing silks,
Shirtings, Irish linens,
Beaver and cotton gloves,
Romall, Madrass and pocket handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, tapes, thread, cotton balls,
Velvet ribbon, satten do. pins, buttons, &c.

All of which will be sold at the Philadelphia prices with the difference of carriage and exchange.

—ALSO—

10 bbls coffee,
25 do. Orleans and domestic sugar,
Teas, copperas and indigo,
50 boxes soap,
100 kegs manufactured Kentucky tobacco,
150 do. rappee snuff, a quantity of Scotch do.
Cap and printing paper,
Conemaugh salt, window glass by the box,
Cut nails, pig lead,
And an asssortment of castings and smith work,
A quantity soal, upper, bridle and harness leather at the most reduced prices.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 19—2aw6t.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most compiete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery, Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing & great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

Public Sale of LAND,
ON THE
RIVER OHIO.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Honorable the Supreme Court of the United States, will be sold by public auction, to the highest bidder, at Mason County Court House, (Point Pleasant) Virginia, on the 3d Tuesday in October next, a Tract of Land in the said county, known by the name of

"Graham's Station,"

Lying on the Ohio River, from 18 to 24 miles above the mouth of the Great Kenhawa; containing 600 acres.

This tract is very handsomely situated on a bend of the river, for nearly 6 miles bounded by it, and backwards by two strait lines, being of a triangular form.

Persons of respectability acquainted with it, describe the bottom or low ground on the river, as "from three quarters of a mile to a mile in width, and not inferior in quality to the general average of bottom lands on the Ohio: and that the hill land is well calculated for small grain and good upland farms, although about a third of it does not admit of easy cultivation."

On this land 9 farms, with log houses there on have been laid out, and several hundred acres cleared and under fence. There is a public ferry established from it across the Ohio.—On a large creek is a good site for water works, where formerly was erected a Grist and Saw Mill, now decayed.

A number of respectable and industrious German families were formerly settled on this tract, some of them are probably still there, others in the neighbourhood. These persons are desirous of a speedy settlement thereof, not only with a view to the general improvement of the country, but from the laudable motives of obtaining additional society, and aid towards the support of a Schoolmaster and Preacher.

It is proposed to divide the tract into six lots of 1000 acres each, in order to accommodate purchasers. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale. The title has been adjudged by the Supreme Court to be unexceptionable, and deeds will be made to the purchasers, with general warranty free from all incumbrances.

It is wished that persons intending to purchase will, by themselves or agents, examine the land and form their own judgements as to its soil, improvements, situation and local advantages.

Mr. Gideon Hinkle, residing on the adjoining tract, will shew it, or point out a proper person for that purpose, with whom a plat will be lodged.

COLIN AULD, *Commissioner.*

Alexandria, Columbia, June 8, 1816.

Just Received and For Sale,
AT A REDUCED PRICE,
500 Buffalo ROBES,
100,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
30,000 lbs. Shott.

APPLY TO

Bosler & Co.

WHO also offer the most extensive assortment of Grates, Cambooses, Coal and Wood Stoves, that has ever been exhibited in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, August 30. 1awtfq.

FOR SALE,
By RICHARD BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets, PITTSBURGH.

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, French Brandy,
Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Currant } Wines,
Juniata Barr Iron
American, Blister and Crowley Steel
English Crowley do.
Rolled Iron and Nail Rods,
Castings assorted,
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2 & 3, Post do.
Medium and Demy Paper, Wrapping do.
Bonnet Boards,
Window Glass and Bottles,
Birmingham Queensware,
Spanish flotant Indigo,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Cotton Yarn,
Kentucky Segars,
Kentucky Twist and Sweet-scented Tobacco,
Bed Cords and Plough Lines,
Pig Lead, Logwood, White Lead,
Merino and Common Wool Hats,
Axes, Hoes and Chains,
Screw Augers first quality,
Mill Saws. ALSO,
18 Boxes Tin Plate.

August 15, 1816. 2aw6m.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between J. and G. Amberson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Persons indebted, are requested to come forward and make payment to James Amberson, who is authorized to settle all accounts.

J. AMBERSON.
G. AMBERSON,

Sept 18, 1816.

N. B. The business is carried on in the different stands by J. AMBERSON.

Grocery, Wine and Spirit STORE.

The Subscribers having commenced the above Business, to which they mean exclusively to confine themselves, have now for Sale on moderate terms, the following Articles of the best quality:

COFFEE in barrels and bags
Loaf Sugar and Coffee in barrels
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas in boxes & chests
Chocolate
Pepper
Alspice
Ginger
Mustard in bottles
Madder
Copperas
Allum
Almonds
Raisins
Sweet Oil in bottles
Real Havanna Segars
Nutmegs
Cloves
Cinnamon
Cogniac Brandy
Jamaica Rum
Holland Gin
Madeira, Teneriffe, Port and Lisbon } Wine

Armstrong & Ewing,
WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

TO FARMERS.

THE followng valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres. On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts, in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stonesville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Jeremiah Neave & Son,
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Have erected a large and commodious
Brick Warehouse and Cellars,

FOR the receiving of all kinds of MERCHANDIZE, MANUFACTURES and PRODUCE for Storage and Sale on COMMISSION, for forwarding by the River, or to Country Merchants.

BILLS and DEBTS collected and punctually remitted. PURCHASES made, and generally a BROKERAGE and Commission Business transacted.

Cincinnati, February 1816.